

MATERIAL BALANCE

Let R is the recycle feed from column 4 per kg of feed.

The reaction is taking place in the ISOMAR reactor, which converts Ethyl Benzene and meta-xylene to ortho-xylene and para-xylene.

Assumptions made:

Let the conversion be 70% and the reaction product gives product yield of ortho-xylene and para-xylene in 1:1.33 ratios.

Selectivity of Mesitylene =30%

Selectivity of C₇ conversion=10%

From the known data the composition in the feed stream is as follows,

Ethyl Benzene – 17.3%

Para-xylene – 17.6%

Meta-xylene – 43.3%

Ortho-xylene – 21.8%

Let

Basis: - 100 kg/hr of feed.

Recycle stream=100R kg

Therefore overall material balance around column 4 gives

$$100+K = 100R + W$$

Let us assume the top product composition is

Ethyl Benzene – 25%

Para-xylene – 30%

Meta-xylene – 30%

Ortho-xylene – 15%

Therefore

Amount of Ethyl Benzene in recycle = $100R*0.25$

Amount of meta-xylene in recycle = $100R*0.3$

Amount of para-xylene in recycle = $100R \cdot 0.3$

Amount of ortho-xylene in recycle = $100R \cdot 0.15$

In parex separator, para-xylene is been extracted at 95% efficiency.

Therefore the amount of unextracted para-xylene in the recycle stream (R_1) from parex separator = $100R \cdot 0.30(1-0.95)$

$$= 100R \cdot 0.30 \cdot 0.05$$

$$= \underline{1.5R}$$

Assumption made:

There be no loss of meta-xylene, ortho-xylene, and Ethyl Benzene since all isomers, weight%=mol%.

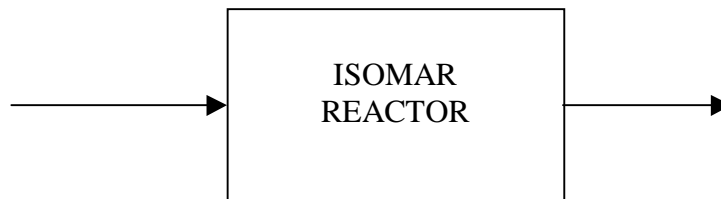
Therefore, the composition of R_1 gives as,

Ethyl Benzene = $25R$

Meta-xylene = $30R$

Para-xylene = $1.5R$

Ortho-xylene = $15R$



Therefore unconverted Ethyl Benzene = $(1-0.70) \cdot 25R$

$$= 7.5R$$

Unconverted Ethyl Benzene = $(1-0.70) \cdot 30R$

$$= 9R$$

Therefore mass of para-xylene leaving the reactor in stream R_2 =

$$= 1.5R + (25R + 30R) \cdot 0.7 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 1.33 / 1 + 1.33$$

$$=14.68R.$$

Therefore mass of ortho-xylene leaving the reactor in stream R₂=

$$=1.5R + (25R+30R)*0.7*0.6*1/1+1.33$$

$$=24.91R.$$

Therefore mass of C₇ compound leaving the reactor in stream R₂=

$$= (25R+30R)/106*0.7*0.1*92$$

$$=3.34R.$$

Therefore mass of C₉ compounds leaving the reactor in stream R₂=

$$= (25R+30R)/106*0.7*0.3*120$$

$$=13.07R.$$

Assumption made:

Let all the C₇ compound been recovered in the column3

Therefore in stream k,

Ethyl Benzene – 7.5R

Para-xylene – 14.68R

Meta-xylene – 9R

Ortho-xylene – 24.91R

C₉ – 13.07R

Weight of k stream = 69016R.

Now,

Composition of the stream F' entering

$$\text{Ethyl Benzene} = 7.5R + 100*0.173 / (69016R + 100)$$

$$= 705R + 17.3 / (69.16R + 100)$$

Assumption of column 4:

$$x_d = 0.25$$

$$x_w = 0.001$$

Now,

$$F_{XF} = D x_D + W x_W$$

$$F = D + W$$

Therefore,

$$F x_F = D x_D + (F-D) x_W$$

$$F (x_F - x_W) = D (x_D - x_W)$$

$$D = F (x_F - x_W) / (x_D - x_W)$$

$$= (69.16R+100)*1 / (0.25-0.001)*[(7.5R+17.3) / (69.16R+100) - .001]$$

Now,

$$D=100R$$

$$100R = (1/0.249)*(7.5R + 17.3 - 0.06916R - 0.1)$$

$$24.9R=7.4308R + 17.2$$

$$R = 17.2 / (24.9 - 7.4308)$$

$$R = 0.984$$

Therefore the mass balance gives,

$$F = D + W$$

$$F x_F = D x_D + W x_W$$

$$F x_F = (F - W) x_D + W x_W$$

$$W = F (x_F - x_D) / (x_W - x_D)$$

$$= F (x_D - x_F) / (x_D - x_W)$$

$$\text{Where, } F = 69.16R+100 = 168.05$$

$$W = 168*(0.25 - 0.1468) / (0.25 - 0.001)$$

$$= 69.649 \text{ kg.}$$

Now,

For mesitylene balance: -

Consider the specification for the last column.

$$x_{D'} = 99\%$$

$$x_{W'} = .1\%$$

On the basis of ortho-xylene in the feed stream,

$$W = (24.91*0.984 + 100*0.218) - (100*0.984*0.15) = 31.55 \text{ kg.}$$

$$W = D' + W'$$

$$W_{XW} = D'x_{D'} + W'x_{W'}$$

$$W_{XW} = (W - D')x_{W'} + D'x_{D'}$$

$$W(x_{W} - x_{W'}) = D'(x_{D'} - x_{W'})$$

$$\begin{aligned} D' &= W(x_{W} - x_{W'}) / (x_{D'} - x_{W'}) \\ &= 69.649 * (0.453 - 0.001) / (0.99 - 0.001) \\ &= 31.83 \text{ KG.} \end{aligned}$$

Making the material balance to obtain 35000tons/yr of ortho-xylene,
we get,

Let

Basis: - 13883.7 kg of feed.

Recycle stream = 13883.7R kg

Therefore overall material balance around column 4 gives

$$13883.7 + K = 13883.73R + W$$

Let us **assume** the top product composition is

Ethyl Benzene - 25%

Para-xylene - 30%

Meta-xylene - 30%

Ortho-xylene - 15%

Therefore

$$\text{Amount of Ethyl Benzene in recycle} = 13883.73R * 0.25$$

$$\text{Amount of meta-xylene in recycle} = 13883.73R * 0.3$$

$$\text{Amount of para-xylene in recycle} = 13883.73R * 0.3$$

$$\text{Amount of ortho-xylene in recycle} = 13883.73R * 0.15$$

In parex separator, para-xylene is been extracted at 95% efficiency.

Therefore the amount of unextracted para-xylene in the recycle stream (R₁) from
parex separator = $13883.73R * 0.30(1 - 0.95)$

$$=13883.73R*0.30*0.05$$

$$=208.256R$$

Assumption made

There be no loss of meta-xylene, ortho-xylene, and Ethyl Benzene since all isomers, weight%=mol%.

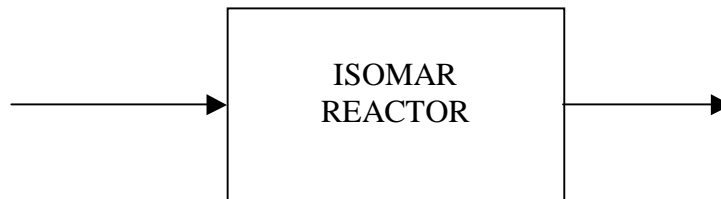
Therefore, the composition of R_1 gives as,

$$\text{Ethyl Benzene} = 3470.93R$$

$$\text{Meta-xylene} = 4165.119R$$

$$\text{Para-xylene} = 208.256R$$

$$\text{Ortho-xylene} = 2082.559R$$



$$\text{Therefore unconverted Ethyl Benzene} = (1-0.70)*3470.93R$$

$$= 1041.279R$$

$$\text{Unconverted Ethyl Benzene} = (1-0.70)*4165.119R$$

$$= 1249.5357R$$

Therefore mass of para-xylene leaving the reactor in stream R_2 =

$$=208.256R+ (3470.93R+4165.119R)*0.7*0.6*1.33/1+1.33$$

$$=2038.94R.$$

Therefore mass of ortho-xylene leaving the reactor in stream R_2 =

$$=2082.559R+ (3470.93R+4165.119R)*0.7*0.6*1/1+1.33$$

$$=3459.014R.$$

Therefore mass of C_7 compound leaving the reactor in stream R_2 =

$$= (3470.93R+4165.119R)/106*0.7*0.1*92$$

$$=463.92R.$$

Therefore mass of C₉ compounds leaving the reactor in stream R₂=
= (3470.93R+4165.119R)/106*0.7*0.3*120
=1815.36R.

Assumption made:

Let all the C₇ compound been recovered in the column3

Therefore in stream k,

Ethyl Benzene – 1041.279R

Para-xylene – 2038.94R

Meta-xylene – 1249.5357R

Ortho-xylene – 3459.014R

C₉ – 1815.36R

Weight of k stream = 9604.1287R.

Now,

Composition of the stream F' entering

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ethyl Benzene} &= 1041.279R + 13883.73 \cdot 0.173 / (9604.1287R + 13883.73) \\ &= 1041.279R + 2401.88 / (9604.1287R + 13883.73) \end{aligned}$$

Assumption of column 4:

$$x_d = 0.25$$

$$x_w = 0.001$$

Now,

$$F x_F = D x_D + W x_W$$

$$F = D + W$$

Therefore,

$$F x_F = D x_D + (F - D) x_W$$

$$F (x_F - x_W) = D (x_D - x_W)$$

$$D = F (x_F - x_W) / (x_D - x_W)$$

$$= (9604.1287R + 13883.73) * 1 / (0.25 - 0.001) * [(1041.279R + 2401.88) / (9604.1287R + 13883.73) - 0.001]$$

Now,

$$D = 13883.73R$$

$$13883.73R = (1/0.249) * (1041.279R + 2401.88 - 9.604R - 13.88)$$

$$3457.048R = 1031.675R + 2388$$

$$R = 2388 / (3457.08 - 1031.675)$$

$$R = 0.984$$

Therefore the mass balance gives,

$$F = D + W$$

$$F x_F = D x_D + W x_W$$

$$F x_F = (F - W) x_D + W x_W$$

$$W = F (x_F - x_D) / (x_W - x_D)$$

$$= F (x_D - x_F) / (x_D - x_W)$$

$$\text{Where, } F = 9604.1287R + 13883.73 = 23339.866$$

$$W = 9673.39 \text{ kg.}$$

Now,

For mesitylene balance:

Consider the specification for the last column based on ortho-xylene

$$x_{D'} = 99\%$$

$$x_{W'} = .01\%$$

Amount of ortho-xylene in the feed stream,

$$W = (3459.014 * 0.984 + 13883.73 * 0.218) - (13883.73 * 0.984 * 0.15)$$

$$= 4381.084 \text{ kg.}$$

$$W = D' + W'$$

$$W x_W = D' x_{D'} + W' x_{W'}$$

$$W x_W = (W - D') x_{W'} + D' x_{D'}$$

$$W (x_W - x_{W'}) = D' (x_{D'} - x_{W'})$$

$$D' = W (x_W - x_{W'}) / (x_{D'} - x_{W'})$$

$$= 4421 \text{ kg.}$$

$$W' = 5252.38 \text{ kg.}$$

Therefore Fresh feed entering the plant = 13883.73 kg/hr

Assuming 10% spillage and handling losses,

Feed required = $1.1 * F = 1.1 * 13883.73 = \underline{15272.103}$ kg/hr